

Consolidated federal law

Order on the Admission of Certain Groups of Persons

Section 1. Pursuant to section 61(3)(4) Universitätsgesetz 2002 [Universities Act 2002], Federal Law Gazette (FLG) I No. 120/2002, the general admission period under section 61(1) Universities Act shall apply to the following groups of persons:

1. Persons enjoying privileges or immunities in Austria on the basis of international treaties or legislative provisions; persons who, at the time of obtaining their school-leaving certificates, were resident in a country outside Austria in the service of the Republic of Austria, where they enjoyed privileges or immunities on the basis of the provisions of legislation or an international treaty; and the spouses or registered partners, and children of such persons;
2. Foreign journalists accredited in Austria for whom Austria is their principal country of work, and the spouses or registered partners, and children of such journalists;
3. Persons who have made Austria the centre of their lives and interests for a period of at least five consecutive years immediately prior to their initial application for admission to a degree programme at the respective Austrian university, or persons with at least one legal dependent for whom this is the case;
4. Persons who have been awarded a scholarship for the degree programme for which they are applying, either on the basis of international treaties or, in the same amount, from those funds of an Austrian local or regional authority which under the financial regulations of that authority are expressly allocated for scholarships;
5. Persons holding a school-leaving certificate issued by an Austrian school located abroad;
6. Persons entitled to reside in Austria pursuant to sections 3, 8, 13 or 75(5 and 6) of the Asylgesetz 2005 [Austrian Act on Asylum 2005], FLG I No. 100/2005, as amended.

This translation is an unofficial aid for our readers. It has been made with great care, but linguistic compromises were unavoidable. Only the original German version is valid in any legal dispute. Please note that this law may be amended in the future, and check occasionally for updates.